103D CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4887

To amend the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 to reaffirm the obligation of the Secretary of Energy to provide for the safe disposal of spent nuclear fuel beginning not later than January 31, 1998, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

AUGUST 2, 1994

Mr. Grams introduced the following bill; which was referred jointly to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Natural Resources

A BILL

To amend the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 to reaffirm the obligation of the Secretary of Energy to provide for the safe disposal of spent nuclear fuel beginning not later than January 31, 1998, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Spent Nuclear Fuel
- 5 Disposal Assurance Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
- 7 (a) CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.—The Congress finds
- 8 that—

- (1) the generation of electricity by nuclear powered reactors results in the production of spent nuclear fuel;
 - (2) about 24,000 metric tons of spent nuclear fuel have been produced by the Nation's operating nuclear power plants, and an additional 50,000 metric tons of spent nuclear fuel is expected to be produced during the terms of their current licenses;
 - (3) the vast majority of commercial spent nuclear fuel is currently stored in individual water-filled pools at reactor sites throughout the Nation;
 - (4) these storage pools for the temporary storage of spent nuclear fuel are nearing capacity at many of the reactor sites;
 - (5) since the beginning of the commercial nuclear power industry in the 1960's, the Federal Government has had the responsibility to provide for the disposal of commercial spent nuclear fuel;
 - (6) the Congress enacted the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 in order to codify the Federal responsibility and policy to provide for the safe and timely disposal of spent nuclear fuel by establishing a schedule for the siting, construction, and operation of deep geologic repositories, assigning the responsibility for implementation of the program to the De-

- partment of Energy, and establishing the Nuclear
 Waste Fund to cover the costs of the Federal disposal program to be paid by utility ratepayers and
 owners;
 - (7) since the enactment of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, utility ratepayers and owners have paid more than \$9,700,000,000 into the Nuclear Waste Fund;
 - (8) under the schedule established in the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, the Department of Energy, in return for the payment of the fees by utility ratepayers and owners, is directed to dispose of spent nuclear fuel beginning not later than January 31, 1998;
 - (9) despite the 12 years that have passed since the enactment of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 and the expenditure of \$3,800,000,000 to date, the Department of Energy has fallen behind schedule and the projected date for commencement of operations of a repository, under optimistic assumptions, is 2010;
 - (10) the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 currently prohibits the selection of a site for a monitored retrievable storage facility until a site for a permanent repository has been selected; and

1	(11) the Department of Energy, under the
2	terms of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, has
3	an absolute obligation to accept spent nuclear fuel
4	beginning not later than January 31, 1998.
5	(b) STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.—The purpose of this
6	Act is—
7	(1) to ensure that the Department of Energy
8	fulfills its responsibility to site, construct, and oper-
9	ate temporary and permanent nuclear waste disposal
10	facilities in a safe and timely manner; and
11	(2) to reaffirm the obligation of the Secretary
12	of Energy under the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of
13	1982 to provide for the safe disposal of spent nu-
14	clear fuel beginning not later than January 31,
15	1998.
16	SEC. 3. REAFFIRMATION OF OBLIGATION OF SECRETARY
17	OF ENERGY.
18	Section 302(a) of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of
19	1982 (42 U.S.C. 10222(a)) is amended by adding at the
20	end the following new paragraph:
21	"(7) The obligation of the Secretary under paragraph
22	(5) to accept high-level radioactive waste and spent nu-
23	clear fuel beginning not later than January 31, 1998, is
24	absolute and is not dependent on the commencement of

25 operations of a repository or a monitored retrievable stor-

- 1 age facility. Such obligation shall not be voided or delayed
- 2 for any reason.".
- 3 SEC. 4. SITING OF MONITORED RETRIEVABLE STORAGE FA-
- 4 CILITY.
- 5 (a) Repeal of Site Selection Limitation.—Sec-
- 6 tion 145 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42
- 7 U.S.C. 10165) is amended by striking subsection (b).
- 8 (b) Repeal of Licensing Conditions.—Section
- 9 148 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C.
- 10 10168) is amended by striking subsection (d).

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